

1. Higher Mathematics and Data Science			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)			WEM1110
2. ECTS	3 CP	3. Workload	90 h
Semester hours per week	2 SWS	Presence hours	30 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	60 h
4. Exam type	Written examination	60 min	WEM1110
Study achievements	no		
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Winter semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	1. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	x
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	
Module abbreviation	hmath	Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. Dr. rer. nat. C. Külls (kü) 2. Prof. Dr.-Ing. habil. M. Oertel (oer)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students will learn multivariate statistics for geo and water sciences, ordinary multiple regression techniques including hypothesis testing methods * Course participants will know multi-variate classification and multi-dimensional pattern recognition techniques for water sciences * Students will learn time series analysis for water science, anova and auto-correlation techniques, trend analysis, outlier identification and testing for stationarity and significant changes in mean, variance or other moments * Students will learn regionalization techniques, kriging, partial moments * Participants will learn differential equations in water science and engineering for flow systems: analytical and numerical solutions and inteartion 		
9. Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Ability to define analyse complex multivariate data and identify stat. models * Students will acquire skills to apply learning techniques to multi-variate data in water sciences and use these models for predictions * Participants will be able to analyse time series, identify trends and non-stationarity, develop prediction techniques based anova techniques and filters * Students will acquire the skill to regionalize data based on statistical techniques and identify the uncertainty of the prediction * Students will be able to solve partial differential equations analytically or numerically and to apply optimization techniques for water systems 		
10. Learning outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students can solve water science and water engineering problems with adequate statistical, analytical, and numerical tools * Students can characterise and analyse big data in water sciences (high-resolution time series and digital maps) applying time series analysis and regionalization techniques * Students can solve water flow, solute and mass transport equations in all compartments and all media (air-evaporation, soil-Richards equation, ground water - Laplace and river St. Venant equ. with analytical or numerical tools * Students can find optimal solutions for water distribution and fit analytical and numerical models and identify uncertainty, multi-finality and model fitness 		
11. Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Papula (2014) Mathematik für Ingenieure und Naturwissenschaftler, Bd 1-3, Angewandte Aufgaben, Formelsammlung. Springer (5 volumes) * Kreyszig (2016) Engineering Mathematics. 10th edition, Wiley. 1112 p. 		

1. Research Methods			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)			WEM1120
2. ECTS	3 CP	3. Workload	90 h
Semester hours per week	2 SWS	Presence hours	30 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	60 h
4. Exam type	Project		WEM1121
Study achievements	yes (SL)		WEM1122
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Winter semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	1. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	x
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	x
Module abbreviation	reme	Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. Dr.-Ing. habil. M. Oertel (oer) 2. Prof. Dr. rer. nat. C. Külls (kü)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Research design and development of experimental aproaches * Software tools for reproducible research and programming * Scientific editing and redaction * Scientific graphs and visualization of data * Programming for data science and data analysis (e.g. MATLAB or Python) * Learning and deep learning algorithms for time series analysis * Artificial intelligence and pattern recognition for applied water science * Software for statistical analysis of big data * Scientific visualization and presentation techniques 		
9. Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students will learn to use modern software tools for reproducible analysis of data and automated reading, analysis of data streams * Students will learn to structure, write and redact / review scientific articles and text using adequate tools and methods for referencing (bilbiography), writing and reviewing * Students will learn an object oriented, structured programming language for scientific analysis * Students will be able to apply artificial analysis and learning tools to big data 		
10. Learning outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students can process extensive, complex, multi-dimensional data * Students can write scientific articles for peer-reviewed journals and understand the peer redation and review process * Students can program data collection, data analysis and visualization algorithms for water science problems * Students understand and are able to write, modify and improve algorithms of water science models, e.g. rainfall-runoff, channel flow and groundwater flow * Students are able to apply AI-based algorithms for learning, optimization and data-based prediction 		
11. Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Kreyszig (2016) Advanced Engineering Mathematics. John Wiley & Sons * Hastie, Tibshirani, Friedman (2018) The Elements of Statistical Learning. Springer * Raschka (2018) Python Machine Learning. Packt Ed. * Ebel, Bliefert, Russey (2004) The art of scientific writing. Wiley. 		

1. Water Regulations			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)			WEM1130
2. ECTS	3 CP	3. Workload	90 h
Semester hours per week	2 SWS	Presence hours	30 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	60 h
4. Exam type	Written examination	60 min	WEM1130
Study achievements			
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Winter semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	1. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	
Module abbreviation	ware	Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Dr.-Ing. K. Wellbrock (wel) 2. Prof. Dr. rer. nat. C. Külls (kü)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	Students will know the key aspects of * European Water Framework Directive (WFD) for water management * Groundwater regulations, Groundwater Directive and Nitrate Directive * Drinking water regulations based on WHO standards and recommendations * Sewage water regulations * Bathing water quality Directive * Flood Management Directive and the implications for urban planning * Environmental Impact Assessment standards * German soil protection law as a guideline (in the absence of a EU Directive)		
9. Skills	Students are able * to apply for a permission under European water regulations * to assess water quality based on European regulations * to apply flood risk management regulations * to prepare applications for water abstraction and measures with impact on water resources		
10. Learning outcomes	Students * are aware of relevant water laws and regulations in Europe * have written a water permit application * can assess water regulations during designing and operation of technical infrastructure related to water engineering		
11. Literature	* Kingston (2017): European Environmental Law. Cambridge University Press, 2017. * Sands et al. (2018): Principles of International Environmental Law, Cambridge University Press, 2018. * McCaffrey, Stephen C. (2001). The Law of International Watercourses: Non-navigational uses. Oxford University Press. ISBN 978-0-19-825787-5. * Borchardt, D., et al. (2016): Integrated Water Resources Management: Concept, Springer		

1. Advanced Waste Water Treatment			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)			WEM1140
2. ECTS	3 CP	3. Workload	90 h
Semester hours per week	2 SWS	Presence hours	30 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	60 h
4. Exam type	Project		WEM1141
Study achievements	yes (SL)		WEM1142
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Winter semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	1. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	
Teaching language	English	Practical training	x
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	x
Module abbreviation	awwt	Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Dr.-Ing. K. Wellbrock (wel) 2. Prof. Dr.-Ing. M. Grottker (gro)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	<p>Students will know</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * the theoretical background of occurrence of micropollutants, microplastics and multiresistant bacteria in sewage * the relevant mechanisms of micropollutants` removal, such as biodegradation, sorption or photolysis in sewage treatment plants and related models, * techniques of advanced waste water treatment (e.g. activated carbon, ozonisation, UV-treatment, membrane technology) for enhanced removal of micropollutants * to evaluate this methods in terms of cost efficiency, energy demand, carbon footprint, removal rates etc. * the principles of online-monitoring for COD, nutrients and electrochemical parameters 		
9. Skills	<p>Students will be able</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * to conduct laboratory analysis (of nutrients etc.) * to setup and maintain an online-monitoring system * to design sampling programmes in sewage systems and sewage treatment plants * to design treatment steps for enhanced micropollutant removal * to perform dynamic modelling of biological wastewater treatment (mainly activated sludge process) with respect to removal of micropollutants 		
10. Learning outcomes	<p>Students can</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * aquire and analyse data of existing treatment plants * evaluate existing sewage treatment plants in terms of removal rates with respect to micropollutants and estimate the emissions * design new sewage treatment plants or treatment steps for enhanced micropollutant removal 		
11. Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Gray (2017) Water Science and Technology: An Introduction, 4th edition, CRC/ Taylor & Francis * Butler et al. (2018, eds.) Urban Drainage, 4th edtion, CRC/ Taylor Francis * Metcalf & Eddy (2013) Wastewater Engineering – Treatment and Resource Recovery 		

1. Urban Water Protection			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)		WEM1150	
2. ECTS	6 CP	3. Workload	180 h
Semester hours per week	4 SWS	Presence hours	60 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	120 h
4. Exam type	Portfolio		WEM1150
Study achievements	(announcement in 1st or 2nd semester week)		
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Winter semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	1. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	x
Module abbreviation	uwp	Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. Dr.-Ing. M. Grottker (gro) 2. Dr.-Ing. K. Wellbrock (wel)	Excursion	x
8. Knowledge	Students will know the most important aspects of * Urban hydrology - introduction, objectives, methods * Processes of urban hydrology - flow paths, sources and sinks of urban waters and loads, transport and storage, degradation and separation processes * Hydrometry in urban water systems - measurement parameters, sensors, devices and transmission systems * Emission and immission based concepts of urban water protection - development goals, urban water habitat, ecological sanitation, stormwater management * Case study on urban water protection - identification/measurement of river catchment characteristics, modelling of water balance in urban catchment areas, hydrological proof. developing river protection measures		
9. Skills	Students are able * to identify the detailed background / interaction of subprocesses in urban hydrology * to understand the interaction between drainage systems, treatment plants and urban waters * to understanding and application of emission and immission based regulations including their strengths and weaknesses * to use special knowledge and skills on urban hydrology - laboratory and field experiments on water quality (nutrients etc.), basic modelling of water balance in urban catchment areas		
10. Learning outcomes	Students * can analyse and interpret complex urban water systems * can evaluate emission and immission based methods * intensified their abilities in teamwork, laboratory and field experiments		
11. Literature	* Butler, D.; et al. (2018) Urban drainage, CRC Press * Gray, N. (2017) Water Science & Technology, CRC Press * BKW M3/M7: Immissionsorient. Anfordg. an Misch- und Niederschlagswassereinleitungen * ARW-1: Schleswig-Holstein regulations on water balance of urban catchments * H. Lotus, Water Resources, Pollution and Management, ISBN-13: 9781632397614 * T.A. Larsen et al, Source Separation and Decentralization for Wastewater		

1. Hydraulic Engineering			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)		WEM1160	
2. ECTS	6 CP	3. Workload	180 h
Semester hours per week	4 SWS	Presence hours	60 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	120 h
4. Exam type	Project	WEM1161	
Study achievements	yes (SL)	WEM1162	
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Winter semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	1. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	x
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	x
Module abbreviation	hyeng1	Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. Dr.-Ing. habil. M. Oertel (oer) 2. Prof. Dr. rer. nat. C. Külls (kü)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Basic knowledge of hydraulic terms, steady, unsteady, uniform, non-uniform, sub- and supercritical flow conditions * Hydromechanics in natural river systems * Hydraulic structure design for restoration of river systems; e.g. fish steps or weirs * Hydraulic laboratory techniques <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Froude- und Reynoldsmodel, incl. scale effects - Measurement devices, e.g. ultrasonic and ADV probes * Hydrometry in surface water (e.g. ADCP) based on DIN EN ISO 748 * Comparision between experimental, in-situ and numerical results * Analysing software tools (e.g. MATLAB) 		
9. Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Understanding of hydraulic processes and hydraulic structure design backgrounds * Designing fish steps and weirs for river restoration * Application of experimental models in hydraulic laboratories incl. correct choice of model scales and knowledge about expected scale effects * Usage of special measurement devices and data analysis software products * Application of surface water in-situ measurment techniques (hydrometry) 		
10. Learning outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students are able to understand hydraulic processes in river systems * Students can design various hydraulic structures * Students will understand the complexity of experimental models and their scales * Students can identify scale effects and their influence on data analysis * Students are able to plan and analyse measurement campaigns in laboratories and in-situ campaigns in the river environment 		
11. Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Oertel, M., Scriptum Hydraulic Laboratory Techniques * USBR (1980) Hydraulic Laboratory Techniques, United States Bureau of Recl. * DIN EN ISO 748 * Morgenschweis, G. (2012) Hydrometrie, 2. Edition, Springer 		

1. Simulation and Modeling I			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)			WEM1170
2. ECTS	6 CP	3. Workload	180 h
Semester hours per week	4 SWS	Presence hours	60 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	120 h
4. Exam type	Project		WEM1171
Study achievements	yes (SL)		WEM1172
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Winter semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	1. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	x
Module abbreviation	sim1	Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. Dr. rer. nat. C. Külls (kü) 2. Prof. Dr.-Ing. habil. M. Oertel (oer)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Basic knowledge of hydrogeological terms * Properties of aquifers, physical laws of motion and flow of groundwater * Water movement in the unsaturated (recharge) and saturated zones * Measurement of parameters of conductivity, porosity, storativity * Processes and methods to determine groundwater recharge * Pumping test analysis for unconfined and confined and multi-layer aquifers * Analytical groundwater modeling * Numerical groundwater modeling with ModFlow * Applications of groundwater hydrology for remediation and restoration of aquifers * Natural attenuation 		
9. Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Delineate and define and design groundwater protection zones * Estimate groundwater recharge in porous, fractured and complex aquifers * Estimate or determine hydraulic conductivity, porosity and storativity * Apply analytical laws of groundwater flow to simplified 1D and 2D problems * Apply and use numerical groundwater models for 2D and 3D problems * Estimate model parameters and the uncertainty of model results * Carry out environmental impact analysis for groundwater related problems * Fit models for steady and non-steady flow conditions * Plan and verify and validate tracer tests * Use groundwater models for planning groundwater remediation measures 		
10. Learning outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students can design groundwater protection zones in various environments * Students can assess groundwater vulnerability and map it * Students can design groundwater monitoring networks, install piezometers * Students are able to apply, modify and validate analytical models * Students are able to develop complex numerical groundwater models, including parameter estimation, model calibration, validation and application to non-steady problems * Students are able to apply groundwater models for remediation measures * Students can use groundwater models to estimate sustainable yields and environmental flows 		
11. Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Fetter C.W. (2019) Applied Hydrogeology. Prentice Hall, 4th ed. * Fetter C.W. (2017) Contaminant Hydrogeology. Waveland Press. 		

1. Geographic Information Systems (GIS)		Water Engineering Master (WEM)		WEM1210
2. ECTS	6 CP	3. Workload	180 h	
Semester hours per week	4 SWS	Presence hours	60 h	
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	120 h	
4. Exam type	Project			WEM1210
Study achievements				
5. Participation prerequisites				
6. Frequency	Summer semester	7. Form of learning		
Semester of studies	2. Semester	Lecture	x	
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	x	
Teaching language	English	Practical training		
Form of learning	Presence	Project work		
Module abbreviation	gis	Seminar		
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. Dr. rer. nat. C. Külls (kü) 2. Prof. Dr.-Ing. habil. M. Oertel (oer)	Excursion		
8. Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Geographical data * Field of GIS applications focusing on water engineering and hydrology * Basics in cartography * Introduction for GIS software products (e.g. QGIS, Open Source) * Sources, generation, analysis and presentation of geodata * Shapes, raster data, projections and their storage and manipulation 			
9. Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Application of GIS software in water engineering * Delineation of watersheds using raster data * Interpolation of point data for estimating rainfall fields by kriging, inverse distances * Editing and analysis of vector networks (river systems), network properties * Raster calculation for distributed hydrological modeling * Water balance modeling with GIS tools * Presentation of maps for water management purposes * Flood mapping 			
10. Learning outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Acquisition of basic GIS knowledge * Students can link database systems to geographic data * Students are able to create a GIS database for water projects * Students can develop GIS based hydrological structures and analyse them * Students can carry out water balance modeling for IWRM with GIS tools 			
11. Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * De Lange, N. (2013) Geoinformatik, 3. Ed., Springer, Berlin, ISBN 978-3-642-34807-5 * Bill, R. (2010) Grundlagen der Geo-Informationssysteme, 5. Ed., Wichmann, Heidelberg * van der Kwast, H., Menke, K. (2019) QGIS for Hydrological Applications: Recipes for Catchment Hydrology and Water Management (Englisch). 			

1. Applied Freshwater Ecology			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)			WEM1220
2. ECTS	6 CP	3. Workload	180 h
Semester hours per week	4 SWS	Presence hours	60 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	120 h
4. Exam type	Portfolio		WEM1220
Study achievements	(announcement in 1st or 2nd semester week)		
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Summer semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	2. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	
Module abbreviation	afe	Seminar	x
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. Dr. N. Reintjes (rei) 2. Prof. Dr. C. Külls (kü)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Theory of freshwater ecology * Relevant physico-chemical parameters with focus on the autecology, population ecology and community ecology of the biota and on ecosystem ecology in flowing (rivers and streams) and standing waters (reservoirs, lakes) * Interaction of water bodies with anthropogenic use; a.o. (+) ecosystem services of freshwater ecosystems (+) legal framework for the use and protection of water bodies (+) assessment and monitoring of water quality (+) pollution with chemicals (+) eutrophication (+) biodiversity losses (+) neobiota (+) aquaculture 		
9. Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students comprehend the complexity of aquatic systems including their biota and their interaction with terrestrial, atmospheric, climatic and geochemical processes * Students realise the value of freshwater systems and their ecosystem services for humanity * Students know the framework and the instruments for the assessment of the quality of natural water bodies 		
10. Learning outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students are able to develop interdisciplinary approaches for the assessment and control of impacts of anthropogenic activities on freshwater ecosystems 		
11. Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Dodds, W. K. & M. R. Whiles (2019): Freshwater Ecology: Concepts and Applications of Limnology (Aquatic Ecology); Academic Press; ISBN 978-0128132555 * Aquatic Ecology: A Multidisciplinary Journal Relating to Processes and Structures at Different Organizational Levels, ISSN: 1386-2588, Springer. * Journal of Freshwater Ecology, Tayloer & Francis. 		

1. Sustainable Urban Systems			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)			WEM1230
2. ECTS	6 CP	3. Workload	180 h
Semester hours per week	4 SWS	Presence hours	60 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	120 h
4. Exam type	Portfolio	90 min	WEM1230
Study achievements	(announcement in 1st or 2nd semester week)		
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Summer semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	2. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	x
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	x
Module abbreviation	sus	Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. F. Schwartz (schw) 2. Prof. Dr.-Ing. M. Grottker (gro)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	<p>Students will know the forces and trends of global urbanisation processes and the economic, social and ecological consequences and challenges</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Structures and forms of urban development in different regions * Types and processes of formal and informal settlements especially in fast growing cities * urban stormwater systems - runoff formation, concentration and transport; drainage, storage and treatment facilities and their dimensioning * concepts for water sensitive urban design; impacts of land use on water balance and pollution loads * protection against extreme storm events 		
9. Skills	<p>Students are able</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * to understand and describe complex urban systems in diferent regions * to draft urban improvmnt programs and projects by using tools to analysis and evaluate urban areas and systems as well as methods of participation in urban decision making and community-based concept for urban upgrading and development * to understand the function and dimensioning of urban stormwater systems * to calculate the urban water balance and deduce measures for robust catchmant areas * to protect urban areas from extreme storm events 		
10. Learning outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Students understand the concept of sustainability in urban systems and are acquainted with related formal and informal planning policies, strategies and instruments and their implementation • Students have the ability to develop and design integrated planning solutions for water management in urban areas in different contextes and scales • Students are able to develop and apply solutions of integrated water management with a specific regard on water and climate related adaptation measures in urban areas 		
11. Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Mostafavi, Mohsen et al. (Ed.) (2010) Ecological Urbanism. Lars Müller Publ., Baden * Pahl-Weber, Elke & Schwartz, Frank (Ed.) (2014) Space Planning and Design. Integrated Planning and Design Solutions for future Megacities, Jovis, Berlin * Sharma, Ashock et al (ed.) (2018) Approaches to Water Sensitive Urban Design - Potential, Design, Ecological Health, Economics, Policies and Community Perceptions, Elsevier 		

1. Hydrological Engineering			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)		WEM1240	
2. ECTS	6 CP	3. Workload	180 h
Semester hours per week	4 SWS	Presence hours	60 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	120 h
4. Exam type	Project		WEM1240
Study achievements			
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Summer semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	2. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	x
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	
Module abbreviation	hyeng2	Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. Dr. rer. nat. C. Külls (kü) 2. Prof. Dr.-Ing. habil. M. Oertel (oer)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Hydrological processes: precipitation, evaporation, infiltration, percolation, discharge, runoff generation * Rainfall-runoff models for plots and micro, meso and macro scale basins * Analysis of hydrological extremes: droughts and floods * Hydrometry and development of monitoring networks * Hydrological data analysis: a) statistical, b) parametric and c) conceptual * Design of hydrological engineering approaches: artificial wetlands, flood retention, artificial recharge, natural attenuation, retention of water and solutes * Remediation schemes for surface and groundwater * Sustainable Water Management 		
9. Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students understand and can predict hydrological processes * Students can measure hydrological processes in the field * Students can analyse hydrological data (precipitation, runoff) * Students can apply and develop hydrological rainfall-runoff models * Students can plan and execute hydrological engineering designs e.g. managed aquifer recharge, schemes, meadow irrigation, artificial wetlands, flood retention, solute retention and remediation schemes * Students can assess the environmental impact of these schemes * Students know integrated water resources assessment and can define hydrological engineering measure to improve water management 		
10. Learning outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students have the capacity to analyse a basin in terms of available water resources and can assess the sustainability of current water uses. * Students are able to design and plan measures that improve current water management conditions towards reaching sustainability and improving ecosystem services by applying hydrological engineering * Students can plan and design hydrological engineering solutions that integrate into the environment taking into account the environmental impact of these measures 		
11. Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Maliva (2019) Anthropogenic Aquifer Recharge, Springer * Chicharro & Müller (2016) Ecosystem Services and River Basin Ecohydrology, Springer * Davie & Quinn (2019) Fundamentals of Hydrology, Routledge 		

1. Simulation and Modeling II			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)			WEM1250
2. ECTS	6 CP	3. Workload	180 h
Semester hours per week	4 SWS	Presence hours	60 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	120 h
4. Exam type	Project	WEM1251	
Study achievements	yes (SL)	WEM1252	
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Summer semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	2. Semester	Lecture	x
Length (semesters)	1	Excercise	
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	x
Module abbreviation	sim2	Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. Dr.-Ing. habil. M. Oertel (oer) 2. Prof. Dr. rer. nat. C. Külls (kü)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Basic knowledge of hydraulic terms * Properties of river systems, physical laws of motion and flow of surface water * Numerical modeling in hydraulic engineering, e.g. flood simulation or hydraulic structure design (fish steps, weirs) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1D models - 2D depth averaged models - 3D CFD models * Parameter estimation * Discretisation, calibration, validation * Result analysis 		
9. Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Deep understanding of hydraulic processes * Apply and use numerical surface water models for 1D, 2D and 3D problems, to answer environmental questions * Estimate model parameters and the uncertainty of model results * Estimate and determine roughness influences for surface water flows * Fit models for steady and non-steady flow conditions * Calibrate models with available data sets * Create rating curves and head related discharge coefficients via numerical models 		
10. Learning outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Students are able to develop complex numerical surface water models, including parameter estimation, model calibration, validation and application to non-steady problems * Students can create flood maps and risk areas for river flood areas * Students can design and analyze hydraulic structures via numerical models * Students can analyze numerical model results concerning structure's efficiencies * Students are able to apply, modify and validate analytical models 		
11. Literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Ferziger, J.H., Peric, M. (2002) Computational Methods for Fluid Dynamics. 3rd ed., Springer, Berlin Heidelberg New York * Wesseling,P. (2001) Principles of Computational Fluid Dynamics, Springer Series in Computational Mathematics, Vol. 29 		

1. Master Thesis			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)			WEM6000
2.	ECTS Semester hours per week Module type	27 CP 0 SWS Compulsory	3. Workload Presence hours Self-study hours
			810 h 0 h 810 h
4.	Exam type Study achievements	Final thesis	25 weeks WEM6000
5.	Participation prerequisites		
6.	Frequency Semester of studies Length (semesters) Teaching language Form of learning Module abbreviation Responsible Lecturers	Summer and winter semester 4. Semester 25 weeks English Presence 1. Prof. Dr. rer. nat. C. Külls (kü) 2. Prof. Dr.-Ing. habil. M. Oertel (oer)	7. Form of learning Lecture Excercise Practical training Project work Seminar Excursion
8.	Knowledge	Students know techniques of scientific writing * master structuring of a scientific report * know citation rules * preparation of high-level scientific graphs * sound description of scientific methodology and research design * discussion of data and evidence based conclusions	
9.	Skills	Students will develop and demonstrate the skill to * apply water engineering and scientific methods to a research question * follow and apply principles of scientific methodology * solve applied problems of water engineering	
10.	Learning outcomes	Students are able to prepare a major scientific report and work independently.	
11.	Literature	* Gastel B., Day, R. (2016) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, 8th Edition, Greenwood; English, ISBN-10: 1440842809. * Alley M. (2018) The Craft of Scientific Writing. Springer; 4th ed. ISBN-10: 1441982876	

1. Master Colloquium			
Water Engineering Master (WEM)			WEM8000
2. ECTS	3 CP	3. Workload	90 h
Semester hours per week	0 SWS	Presence hours	0 h
Module type	Compulsory	Self-study hours	90 h
4. Exam type	Final oral colloquium	45 min	WEM8000
Study achievements			
5. Participation prerequisites			
6. Frequency	Summer and winter semester	7. Form of learning	
Semester of studies	4. Semester	Lecture	
Length (semesters)	45 min	Excercise	
Teaching language	English	Practical training	
Form of learning	Presence	Project work	
Module abbreviation		Seminar	
Responsible Lecturers	1. Prof. Dr. rer. nat. C. Külls (kü) 2. Prof. Dr.-Ing. habil. M. Oertel (oer)	Excursion	
8. Knowledge	Students know * scientific presentation technqies * free oral presentation of scientific data * discussion techniques for the defense of the presentation * communication techniques for scientific results		
9. Skills	* Prepare high level scientific talks adapted to the audience * Synthesize and presents scientific findings adequately * Argue based on data and scientific results * Assess results and draw adequate conclusions		
10. Learning outcomes	Students can * prepare abstracts, executive summaries * present their findings in a professional manner * talk to the audience with optimal presentation techniques, use of different media and good oral communication		
11. Literature	* Anderson C. (2017) TED Talks: The Official TED Guide to Public Speaking. ISBN-13: 978-1328710284 (in combination with TED Talk playlist) * Alley M. (2011) The Craft of Scientific Presentations: Critical Steps to Succeed and Critical Errors to Avoid (English). ISBN-13: 978-1441982780		